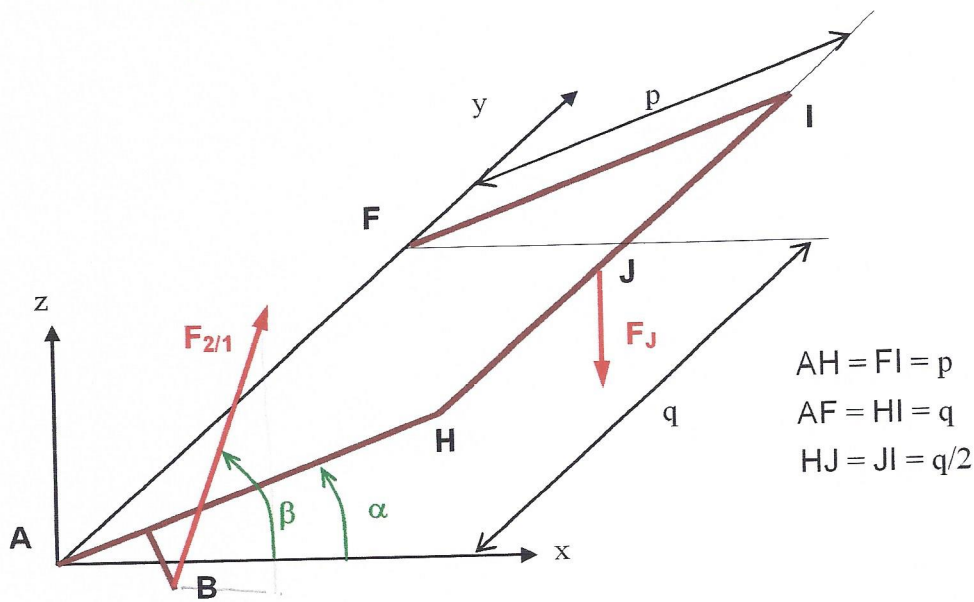


Effet de liaison



$R = (A, xyz)$

en A liaison s/s

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_A & 0 \\ Y_A & 0 \\ Z_A & 0 \end{bmatrix}_A ; u = F \begin{bmatrix} X_F & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ Z_F & 0 \end{bmatrix}_F$$

PFS réduit en A

$$[F_{21}] = \begin{bmatrix} F_{21} c\beta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ F_{21} s\beta & 0 \end{bmatrix}_B$$

$$[F_J] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ -F_J & 0 \end{bmatrix}_J$$

avec $B \begin{matrix} r \\ 0 \\ s \end{matrix}$

\vec{x} : $X_A + X_F + F_{21} c\beta = 0$ (1) -

\vec{y} : $Y_A = 0$ (2) -

\vec{z} : $Z_A + Z_F + F_{21} s\beta = F_J$ (3)

M/E A $\vec{AB} \wedge \begin{bmatrix} F_{21} c\beta \\ 0 \\ -F_{21} s\beta \end{bmatrix} + \vec{AJ} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -F_J \end{bmatrix} + \vec{AF} \begin{bmatrix} X_F \\ 0 \\ Z_F \end{bmatrix} = \vec{0}$

$\begin{bmatrix} r \\ 0 \\ s \end{bmatrix} \wedge \begin{bmatrix} F_{21} c\beta \\ 0 \\ -F_{21} s\beta \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} pcd \\ q/2 \\ psd \end{bmatrix} \wedge \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -F_J \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ q \times \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \wedge \begin{bmatrix} X_F \\ 0 \\ Z_F \end{bmatrix} = \vec{0}$

0
 $s F_{21} c\beta - r F_{21} s\beta + \frac{q}{2} F_J c\beta + q Z_F = 0$ (4) -
 $0 = 0$ (5) -
 $0 - q X_F = 0$ (6) -

(6) $X_F = 0$

(2) $Y_A = 0$

(4) $Z_F = 2 F_J$

(5) $F_{21} = \frac{pcd}{rs\beta - sc\beta} F_J$

$$(1) \quad X_A = -F_J e/\beta \quad \bullet \quad X_A = \frac{P e d c \beta}{s c \beta - r s \beta} F_J$$

$$(3) \quad Z_A = F_J + \frac{P c \beta s \beta}{s c \beta - r s \beta} F_J = 2 F_J$$

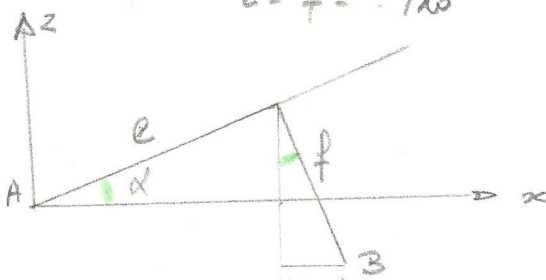
$$\bullet \quad Z_A = \frac{P c \beta s \beta - s c \beta - r s \beta}{s c \beta - r s \beta} F_J$$

A.N. $K = 0$

$$\beta = 45^\circ$$

$$e = f = P/10$$

$$F_{21} = \frac{P \cdot 2}{(r-s)\sqrt{2}} F_J$$



$$\vec{AB} \begin{cases} e c \alpha + f s \alpha = r \\ 0 \\ e s \alpha - f c \alpha = s \end{cases}$$

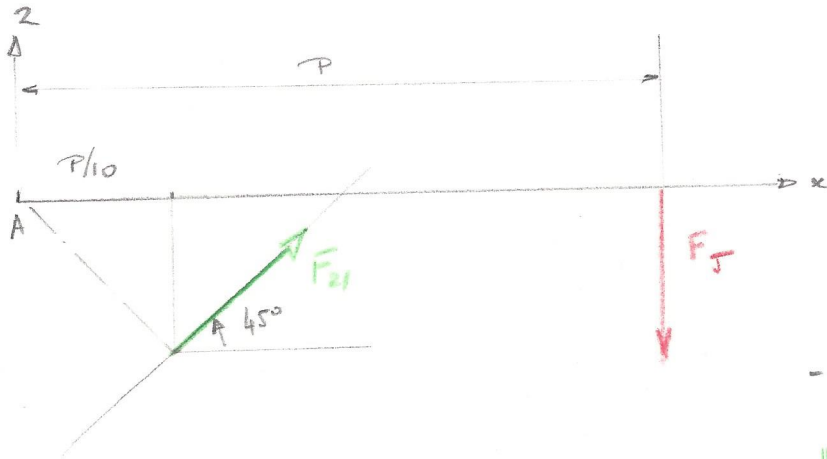
$$\text{A.N.} \quad \vec{AB} \begin{cases} e \\ 0 \\ -f \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{AB} \begin{cases} P/10 = r \\ 0 \\ -P/10 = s \end{cases}$$

$$F_{21} = \frac{2P}{(P/10 + P/10)\sqrt{2}} F_J$$

$$F_J = \frac{2P \cdot 10}{2P \sqrt{2}} F_J$$

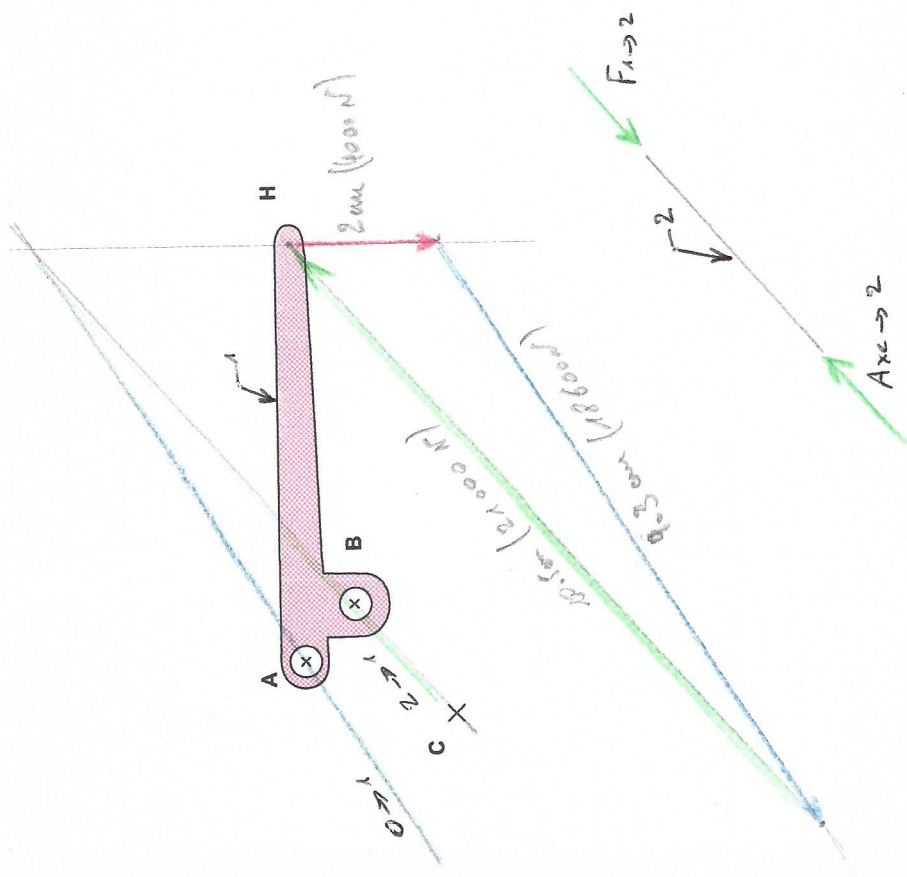
$$\underline{\underline{F_{21} = \frac{10 F_J}{\sqrt{2}}}}$$



$$-F_J P + F_{21} \frac{\sqrt{2} P}{10} = 0$$

$$\underline{\underline{F_{21} = F_J \frac{10}{\sqrt{2}}}}$$

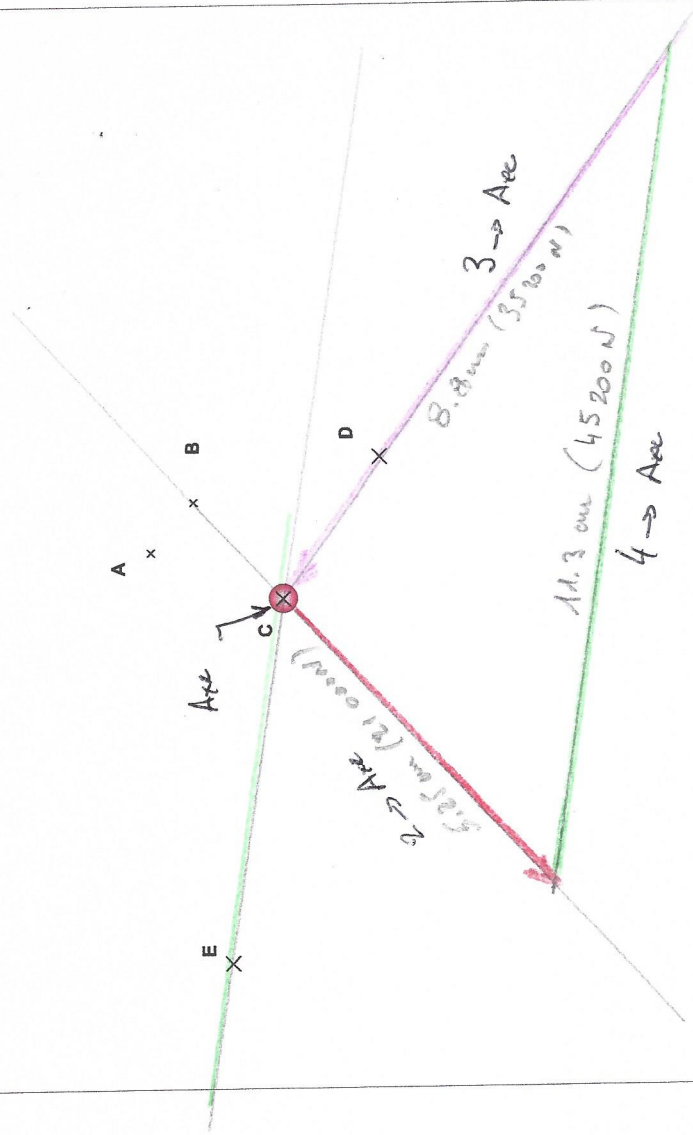
NOM : Groupe :



$$|\vec{F}_{2/1}| = 21000 \text{ N} \quad |\vec{F}_{0/1}| = 18600 \text{ N}$$

Figure 5R

1cm → 2 000 N



$$|\vec{F}_{Axe_C/4}| = 45200 \text{ N} \quad |\vec{F}_{Axe_C/3}| = 35200 \text{ N}$$

Figure 6R

1cm → 4 000 N